File#;

62-40-116395

Serial Scope:

EBF 752 X

55230 DocId: 32989655 Page 1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE. The Attorney General September 23, 1965 JUNE 1 - Mr. Belmont Director, FBI 1 - Miss Holmes 1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Cotter PAKISTANI MISSICH TO - Mr. Mossburg THE UNITED NATIONS INTERNAL SECURITY -NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION On September 21, 1965, an informant who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that the Pakistani Mission to the United Nations had contacted the Soviet Mission to the United Nations and requested a meeting between the Pakistani Foreign Minister and Andrei Gromyko, Soviet Foreign It was indicated that the Foreign Minister of Pakistan would be arriving in the United States on the evening of September 21, 1965, and the meeting was remested for 10 p.m. This information was immediately furnished to the Department of State. (5) At 8 p.m. on September 21, 1965, Mr. Tom Hughes, Director, Bureau of Intelligence and Research, Department of State, contacted a representative of this Bureau and referred to the earlier information regarding the proposed meeting between the Pakistani and Soviet Foreign Ministers. Mr. Hughes stated that following this meeting between the Foreign Ministers, in all, probability, the Pakistani Foreign Minister would attempt to confer with the President of Pakistan by radio telephone. Mr. Hughes said that the Department of State believed that the results of this conversation between the Pakistani Foreign Minister and the President of Pakistan would be of vital importance to the U. S. Department of State in connection with its future planning of action relative to the Pakistan-India dispute, and to the United Nations cease-fire order which had a deadline of 3 a.m. September 22, 1965: Inasmuch as this Bureau does not have technical coverage of the Pakistani Mission to the United Nations, we were unable to supply the Department of State with the vital Belmont information requested. (2) At 10:25 a.m., September 22, 1955, we received information from the above informant that the Fore gn Minister of Bosen Sullivan AJD/mea (9) POCO SECRET GROUP 1 Excluded from automatic see note, pg downgrading **∖**and TELETYPE UNIT L

declassification

SECRET

The Attorney General

Pakistan would meet with Andrei Gromyko at the Soviet Mission to the United Nations, 3 p.m., September 22, 1965. This information was immediately furnished to the Department of State; however, our lack of technical coverage on the Pakistani Mission to the United Nations again precluded our obtaining results of the probable telephonic contact, following this meeting, between the Foreign Minister of Pakistan and the President of Pakistan.

The curtailment of our technical and microphone surveillance coverage has severely restricted us in supplying valuable data to interested Government agencies, relative to the national defense.

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

NOTE:

Classified "Secret" inasmuch as refers to technical surveillance coverage of foreign diplomatic establishment, (5) the unauthorized disclosure of which would cause serious damage to the national defense.

SECRET

UNITED STÄTES GÖVERNMENT

Iemorandum ROUTE IN ENVEL

TO : Mr. A. H. BELMONT

FROM

DATE: September 25.,

Tele. Room

JUNE

1 - Mr. Belmont

MR. W. C. SULLIVAN

- Mr. Conrad - Mr. Evans

- Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT AND

- Mr. W. C. Sullivan - Mr. Baumgardner

SIMILAR TYPES OF COVERAGE

l - Mr. Deegan l - Mr. Engels

- Mr. Engelstad - Mr. Fipp

CLASSIFIED BY SDJALM less DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

D. Donohue - Mr. J

This is a monthly memorandum setting forth the totally number of the Bureau's confidential informants, mail covers and the coverage we are maintaining for other Government agencies as set forth in the attached pages.

Technical surveillances are only utilized when necessary and are discontinued when they are no longer productive. number varies and as of this date we are operating 64 investigativetype (security) technical surveillances in Bureau cases, operating one investigative-type technical surveillance in connection with the slaying of the three civil rights workers in Mississippi. We are operating 76 intelligence-type (security) technical Surveillances restricted to coverage of foreign country, diplomatic and official establishments, which are in addition to those we are operating in Bureau cases.

In addition, at the specific request of National Security Agency, we are maintaining coverage of teletype facilities of 43 diplomatic establishments and at the request of the White House, we are covering the teletype facilities of Tass News Agency in New York

One hundred and five microphone surveillances are presently installed of which 45 are concerned with security investigations and 60 are installed in criminal matters.

During August, 1964, 16 security informants were added and 16 were deleted, making a total of 1,095 security informants. Potential security informants during the same period increased F from 367 to 362.

During August, 1964, 158 criminal informants were added while 109 criminal informants were deleted. This changes the number of approved criminal informants from 3,290 to 3,339. Also, during August, 1964, the number of potential criminal informants changed The same of the same of

Enc.

There to Letterny (End On

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATIO

Unauthorized Disclosure

Subject to Syiminal Sanctions

JDD:klb (11)

MEMORANDUM TO MR. A. H. BELMONT RE: CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT AND SIMILAR TYPES OF COVERAGE SECRET

from 8,130 to 8,169.

During August, 1964, four racial informants were added and eight were deleted, leaving a total of <u>118</u> racial informants. The number of probationary racial informants is 76.

As of September 25, 1964, the Bureau has in operation a total of 79 mail covers. Of this number, three are maintained in criminal fugitive cases and none in criminal cases other than fugitive. The criminal mail covers are handled by Special Investigative Division. There are 76 mail covers in security cases.

ACTION:

This is for your information. Mail concer les

Wys War A

I want no rune

topa placet in

cases which man

thereby begand

otantill' for

prosecution.

SECRET

OFFICE	INV.	MS	INT.	TEL	SMC	FMC	OMC	SI	PSI	CI	PCI	RAC	RAC PROB
ALBANY ALBUQUERQUE ANCHORAGE ATLANTA BALTIMORE BIRMINGHAM BOSTON BUFFALO BUTTE CHARLOTTE CHICAGO CINCINNATI CLEVELAND DALLAS DENVER DETROIT EL PASO HONOLULU HOUSTON INDIANAPOLIS JACKSON		MS 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TS. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	TEL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 2 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	10 6 0 3 20 0 15 14 6 3 90 10 31 6 4 21 10 6 3 20 0	200110131215	37 59 22 55 71 32 51 51 66 61 72 51 123 116 62 37	73 105 38 149 141 60 162 115 93 125 320 144 194 170 110 199 50 57 106 48	0 0 0 11 0 0 0 0 0 14 3 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 5	PROB 00010300000000000000000000000000000000
JACKSONVILLE KANSAS CITY KNOXVILLE LAS VEGAS LITTLE ROCK LOS ANGELES LOUISVILLE	0 0 1 0 2	1 3 0 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2 0 2	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 90	0 1 0 0 0 21 1	53 75 35 57 63 116 79	151 239 140 - 124 75 419 115	11 0 5 0 7 2	5 0 2 0 1

INVESTIGATIVE-TYPE TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCES (INV) (TS)
MICROPHONE SURVEILLANCES - MS
INTELLIGENCE-TYPE TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCES (INT) (TS)
TELETYPE COVERAGE - TEL
SECURITY MAIL COVERS - SMC
FUGITIVE MAIL COVERS - FMC
OTHER MAIL COVERS - OMC
ALLINFORMATION CONTAINED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE DISCORD BY ALM

SECURITY INFORMANTS - ST
POTENTIAL SECURITY INFORMANTS-PS:
CRIMINAL INFORMANTS - CI
POTENTIAL CRIMINAL INFORMANTS - PO
RACIAL INFORMANTS - RAC
RACIAL INFORMANTS PROBATIONARY RAC

PROB

TOTALS	65	105	76	44	76	3	0	1095	369	3339	8169	118	76
WASHINGTON	9	7	35	23	18	0	0	52	49	69	160	2	0
TAMPA	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	21	25	47	124	13	11
SPRINGFIELD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	58	160	0	0
SEATTLE	3	1	0	0	3	0	0	41	4	65	163	0	0
SAVANNAH	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	53	147	6	5
SAN JUAN	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	13	8	30	77	0	0
SAN FRANCISCO	3	5	ì	0	7	2	0	72	$\overline{2}1$	143	317	Ō	Ö
SAN DIEGO	ŏ	Ŏ	Õ	Ö	Ŏ	Ö	Ö	33	2	35	121	Ö	Ö
SAN ANTONIO	ŏ	ō	ŏ	0	Ŏ	Ŏ	Ö	19	5	49	124	Ö	Ö
SALT LAKE CITY	Ö	ō	ŏ	Ŏ.	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	14	2	26	65	ŏ	ŏ
ST. LOUIS	ŏ	$\overset{\circ}{2}$	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	22	ŏ	61	168	ō	ō
RICHMOND	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	õ	ŏ	ŏ	6	6	62	114	ĭ	ĭ
PORTLAND	ŏ	õ	õ	ŏ	Õ	ŏ	ŏ	13	Ö	34	72	ő	ŏ
PITTSBURGH	Ô	4	1	Ŏ	0.	Ö	Ö	16	5	7 8	167	ő	0
PHOENIX	ז	2	ŏ	Ö	0.	ŏ	ŏ	14	3	· 26	.126	Ö	.0
PHILADELPHIA	1	7	0	Ö	1	Ö	Ö	38	4	83	182	Ö	Ö
OMAHA	. 0	ŏ	Ö	Ö	Ö	ő	Ö	1	1	43	68	ŏ	Ö
OKLAHOMA CITY	0	ŏ	Ö	Ö	ő	Ö	0	5	Õ	48	181	0	Ö
NORFOLK	0	0	0	0	0	ŏ	o ·	· 6	0	24	85	ĭ	Ŏ
NEW YORK	. 33	18	36	21	2 22	Ö	Ö	222	95	176	572	j 1	1
NEW ORLEANS	0	Ö	0	ő	$\overset{1}{2}$	Ö	Ö	8	ó	25	90	9	5
NEW HAVEN	0	0	0	Ö	î	0	0	16	7	35	75	0	Ö
NEWARK	0	8	0	0	4	0	0	40	36	30 102	300	.0	0
MINNEAPOLIS MOBILE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9 0	38	132	9	U
MILWAUKEE	0 7	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0	- 8 - 18	ა 5	26 60	84 152	0 0	1 0
· MIAMI	<u>.</u>	5 3	0 .	0 0	1	0	. 0	21 8	7 5	108	237	.1	0
MEMPHIS	0	0	0.	0	0 .	0	0	1	0	32	129	3	0
OFFICE	TS	MS	TS	TEL	SMC	FMC	OMC	SI	PSI	CI	PCI	RAC	PROB
	INV.		INT										RAC
, ·	ar a 242		100 as ta										

GSA GEN. REG. NG. 27 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

PECIAL INVESTIGATIVE

A. H. Belmont

TECHNIQUES

JUNE

MR. TOLSON

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

DATE: 10/6/64

cc Mr. Belmont

Mr. Mohr

Mr. DeLoach

Mr. Sullivan Mr. Rosen

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE LOUS Mr. Evans

Mr. Conrad This is to set forth the procedure being followed, under present conditions, relative to the use of the following special investigative

techniques. \mathcal{O} . TRASH COVERAGE By radiogram to all offices dated 9/17/64, the field was instructed

that trash covers were not to be used and any in existence must be

2. MAIL COVERS By instructions to the field dated 9/30/64, all offices were

discontinued.

TO

FROM

SUBJECT:

use of this technique. TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCES

Technical surveillances are being used only in security-type Any departure from this, such as in a kidnaping case, is presented to the Director for approval.

We are presently examining each of the technical surveillances to insure that this technique is not being used in a case with prosecutive possibilities. The attached proposed instruction to the field stresses the fact that the Bureau will not authorize any technical surveillance in a case with prosecutive possibilities, as we do not want to run into REC- 31 OCT 2 1964 17/1 the question of tainted evidence.

instructed to discontinue mail covers in existence and to discontinue the

We disseminate a great deal of information outside the Bureau from our technical surveillances, for example to the White House, State Department, CIA, the military intelligence agencies, and the Department. This is necessary because we secure a great deal of intelli gence data on such matters as the plans of various countries regarding issues being considered at the United Nations; the purpose of a pending contact between a foreign diplomat and the State Department, or the White House; plans of the Communist Party to initiate programs, or to deluge the White House with telegrams on a pending issue; attempts of NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION

XEROX

Unauthorized Disclosure Subject to Criminal Sanctions

AHB:CSH (8) ncldsure OCT 19 1964 Mr. Tolson | RE: SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE TECHNIQUES

the Communist Party or subversive elements to infiltrate the racial movement; possible racial disturbances; advance planning of Martin Luther King and his associates; demonstrations against Congressional committees, et cetera. We also pick up information regarding Security Index subjects which is included in investigative reports that eventually go to the Department, as the Department passes on Security Index cases.

Our safeguards in the area of technical surveillances are

- (a) careful evaluation before they are installed. Current instructions are that they shall not be used in any case with prosegutive possibilities
- (b) Paraphrasing or covering up of the source when we disseminate, so that the recipients cannot determine that the source of the information is a technical surveillance.
- (c) Should a case develop prosecutive possibilities, despite our efforts not to use technical surveillances in any case which may develop into prosecution, we will insist on a complete understanding with the Department and the US Attorney, so that we will not run into another case, such as the JARO case, handled so ineptly by US Attorney Hoey.

4. MICROPHONE SURVEILLANCES

Microphone surveillances are being employed in security cases (44) and criminal intelligence matters (60). Each installation of a microphone must be approved by Mr. Tolson's office.

We are presently going over each of these existing surveillances, in the security field, to insure that they are not being employed where there are prosecutive possibilities, and the same precaution will be used in future installations. The attached radiogram to the field so instructs the field.

Intelligence information coming from these security microphones is likewise disseminated, when pertinent, to outside agencies, with appropriate paraphrasing and coverup of the source so that the recipients will not know the source. As in the case of technical surveillances, valuable intelligence data is derived from these sources.

In the criminal intelligence field microphone surveillances have been a primary source of information permitting us to gain knowledge of the activities in the field of organized crime, and particularly

Mr. Tolson

RE: SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE

TECHNIQUES

The information derived has enabled us to know of the Cosa Nostra. organization and planning of leaders of organized crime, and has provided data leading toward our primary goal of infiltrating, penetrating and disrupting organized crime, and provided leads to develop live informants within organized crime. Following the leak from the Department in the Las Vegas case we stopped disseminating to the Department and the US Attorneys any information coming from our microphone surveillances, and since that policy was adopted we have had no further leaks from these sources. The only dissemination we make is when we pick up information about a possible forthcoming murder, or a matter within the jurisdiction of local authorities. We then disseminate to carry out our responsibilities, but we paraphrase and cover the source. We have had no difficulty in this regard. The attached radiogram to the field reiterates instructions that information coming from these criminal intelligence microphones must not be disseminated without prior Bureau authority.

If approved, we will operate along the lines set forth above.

M. M.

A SERVENTE

cc Mr. Beimo.
Mr. Sulliyan

Mr. DeLoach

Mr. Baumgardne Mr. Branigan

EX-100

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

August 2, 1965

RFC- 49

7111-2572

Director, FBI

TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCES AND THE USE OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE ID 19 60 BY SPALM LY

On the morning of July 30, 1965, Hr. C. D. DeLoach and Hr. A. H. Belmont, of this Dureau, mot with Mr. Harold F. Leis, of your office, and Hr. Howard Willens, of the Criminal Division, with reference to the President's memorandum of June 30, 1965, Cealing with technical surveillances and the use of electronic devices.

In view of the fact that this Bureau does obtain authority from you on each technical surveillance, and thus the Department exercises central control over the use of this technique by the FBI. Ir. Reis advised that it would be unnecessary for us to send in the inside the tioned in the last paragraph of the President's memorandum.

With reference to the first paragraph on page 2 of the President's memorandum, dealing with mechnical and electronic devices, as you are aware we also consult with you relative to the use of microphone surveillances, and consequently we meet the requirements of this paragraph.

During the discussion with Messrs. Reis and Willens it was agreed that we would forward samples of the requests we have made in connection with technical surveillances, so that the Department can devise appropriate instructions to other government agencies concerning the format and procedures to be followed in making requests of the Attorney General. As of possible assistance, I am enclosing three samples of actual requests, from which we have eliminated the names of the subjects.

The state of the s

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissemination outside your Committee. Its use is limited to official proceedings by your Committee and the content may not be disclosed to mauthorized personEnclosureshout the express approval of the FBI.

astol AHB:CSH (8)

___AHB:CSH (8)

Жоста: 32989655

SENT DIRECTO

Tele. Room
Imeg. Aug. Aug. Aug. Hogy Teletype unit

DATE STORY D. O.

AUG 17 1800 A

9-30-64

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Evans

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Baumgaruner 1 - Mr. J. D. Dononue

Airtol

To: ALL OFFICES

From: Director, FBI

MAIL COVERS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE DIR FO BY

The Bureau to longer desires that mail covers be used as an investigative technique. Therefore, this is to advise that all mail covers have been discontinued and the Bureau will not entertain additional requests for mail covers in the future.

JDD:klb (121)

NOTE:

See cover memorandum Sullivan to Belmont, captioned "Confidential Informant and Similar Types of Coverage," dated 9-30-64, prepared by JDD:klb.

This document is prepared in response to your request and is not for dissent nation outside your Committee. Its use is limited to official proceedings by your Committee and the content may but be disclosed to unauthorized personnel without the express approval of the FBI.

2-CC ALL FIELD OFFICIES

MALED 5

OUT 1-1084

COMMED 1

REC 4

OCT 22

SEF 311 2 It shigh

WHO To Be 12 POOL 1 S 2989655 Page 12

Conrad ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED ALL SAC'S TO: HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DIRECTOR. FROM: JUNE TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCES ARE TO BE USED FOR INTELLIGENCE PURPOSES ONLY AND, THEREFORE, YOU SHOULD INSUES THAT YOU DO NOT PROPOSE OR REQUEST TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCES IN CASES WHICH HAVE THE SAME POLICY APPLIES TO MICROPHONE PROSECUTIVE POSSIBILITIES. SURVEILLANCES WHICH INVOLVE TRESPASS. INFORMATION FROM TECHNICAL AND MICROIMONE SURVEILLANCES MUST BE PARAPHRASED AND APPROPRIATELY WORDED TO PROTECT THE SOURCE SECURITY WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO INFORMATION DEVELOPED FROM CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE MICROPHONES, YOU ARE AGAIN INSTRUCTED THAT NO DISSEMINATION IS TO BE MADE OUTSIDE THE DUREAU WITHOUT PRIOR WFO ADVISED BY MAIL. AHB: CSH- (10) Belmont OCT 10/6/64 re SPECIAL INVESTIGATIVE Tolson Belmont **TECHNIQUES** OCTS 1964 Mohr . DeLoach Cosper Callaban Contad Evans Gale . Resen Sullivan DITT Tavel Trailer Tele. Room Holmen

CODE

RADIOGRAM

Belmont

Mohr DeLoach Sullivan

CTOBER 6, 1964

March 20. 1905

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE IDITA

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

With reference to the proper controls over wiretapping and the installation of microphones, you will recall that Ladviced you that back under the administration of Attorney General Clark I recommended that all Government agencies refrain from virctapping unless there was specific approval in each instance by the Attorney Conoral who is the chief law officer of the Government. I repeated the same recommendation to each successive Attorney General following the administration of Attorney General Clark.

I have always felt that there was a very lax control in the handling of Wiretapping by Government agencies. I am the only head of a Government investigative agency who does not have the authority to authorize a wiretap. but under the system which I personally set up. Therefore, requests for . wiretand are sent by me to the Attorney General for his approval or disapproval. I know that no such system is followed in other branches of the Government and, in fact, in many instances subordinates quite for down the line of authority top telephones without the specific approval of the head of the agency and certainly without specific approval of the cabinet officer in charge of the department.

I still feel cuite strongly that no Government agency should tap a telephone unless it is specifically approved in each instance by the Attorney Coneral.: This would certainly circumscribe promiscuous wiretapping on the part of Government agencies and would centralize in one place; the Attorney General's office, a record of any phonetaps which have been placed by a Government agency.

As you are aware, in the case of the FDI we do not request phone tage encost in cases involving kidnaping and espicaage. This has been predicated upon my theory that when the life of an individual or the life of the Nation is in paril a phone tay is justified for infelligence purposes'as any-information obtained over a phone tap cannot be used in the trial of a čziminuk **case.**

JEH:RM (6)

This document is prepared in response to your requisited to the disser-nation outside your Committee. Its use is limited to pofficial proceedings your Committee and the content may not be disclosed nel without the express approval of the FBI. MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NW 55230 DocId:32989655 Page 4

Memorandum for the Attorney General

In line with your suggestion this morning, I have already set up the procedure similar to requesting of authority for phone taps to be utilized in requesting authority for the placement of microphones. In other words, I shall forward to you from time to time request for authority to install microphones where deemed imporative for your consideration and approval or disapproval. Furthermore, I have instructed that, where you have approved either a phone tap or the installation of a microphone, you be advised when such is discontinued if in less than six months and, if not discontinued in less than six menths, that a new request be submitted by me to you for extension of the telephone tap or microphone installation.

Respectfully,

John Edgar Hoover Director